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(54) Cosmetic composition and methods of use

(57) There are disclosed cosmetic compositions and methods for protection of keratinous tissue against environmental aggressors, such as smoke, smog and UV radiation. The compositions have as an essential antioxidant: (i) hesperetin, (ii) tetrahydrocurcumin, (iii) tetrahydrodemethoxycurcumin, or (iv) tetrahydrobis-

demethoxycurcumin, or mixtures of thereof The compositions are preferably in the form of oil in water emulsions and may optionally contain one or more emulsifiers, preservatives, thickeners, sunscreens, additional antioxidants, emollients, skin protectants, hair protectants, nail protectants and the like

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to cosmetic, particularly skin care and treatment, compositions. More particularly, the present invention relates to emulsified cosmetic compositions having certain antioxidants. The antioxidants have been found highly effective in ameliorating or preventing damage to keratinous tissue, such as skin, hair and nails, caused by aggressive environmental substances, such as smoke and other atmospheric pollutants, as well as minimizing or relieving damage caused by ultraviolet radiation

2. Description of the Prior Art

[0002] Skin treatment compositions are extensively described in the art. Emulsified skin treatment compositions are disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,093,109 to Mausner, which issued on March 3, 1992. This patent provides an anti-aging composition comprising water, an anti-aging agent, a sunscreen, a preservative, a thickener, an antioxidant and an emulsifier. This patent discloses only "Tenox II", a product of Eastman Chemical Products, Inc., and ascorbyl palmitate as suitable antioxidants.

[0003] U.S. Patent No. 4,742,066 to Deckner et al., which issued on May 3, 1988, discloses a method for Inhibiting the generation of free radicals in the skin. The method comprises applying a composition that may be in the form of an emulsion in which the free radical inhibitor may be ethoxyquin or "Trolox C". "Trolox C" is a product of Hoffmann-LaRoche.

[0004] U.S Patent No. 4,603,046 to Georgalas et al. Issued on July 29, 1986. This patent discloses skin treatment compositions having enhanced ultraviolet absorbing properties in the form of oil-in-water emulsions. The essential ingredient is troxerutin and the preferred antioxidant is Tenox II, as disclosed in the Mausner patent noted above [0005] U.S. Patent No. 4,424,234 to Anderson et al., which issued on January 3, 1984, discloses cosmetic formulations for application to the skin. The formulations have a hydroxy alkanoic acid as the essential ingredient and which may contain tocopherol, propyl gallate, ascorbyl palmitate, butylated hydroxy toluene or butylated hydroxy anisole as antioxidants. The compositions, which may be in the form of emulsions, are particularly useful for the treatment of dry skin.

[0006] U.S. Patent No. 5,861,415 to Majeed et al., which issued on January 19, 1999, discloses the pharmaceutical use as a bioprotectant of a mixture of curcumin, demethoxycurcumin and bis-demethoxycurcumin derived from the herb turmeric (Curcuma longa). The present invention uses the tetrahydrocurcumin derivatives as antioxidants in an emulsified skin treatment composition.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] It is an object of the present invention to provide cosmetic compositions having certain antioxidants.
[0008] It is another object of the present invention to provide such compositions that have a number of benefits in connection with care of and prevention of damage to keratinous tissue. The compositions of this invention may be in the form of gels, lotions, serums, anhydrous sticks, oil based sprays, oil-in-water emulsions or water-in-oil emulsions.
[0009] It is a further object of the present invention to provide such compositions that are a strong defense against environmental aggressors such as smoke, smog, ozone, atmospheric pollutants, free radicals and ultraviolet radiation [0010] These and other objects of the present invention are achieved by a cosmetic composition comprising an essential antioxidant selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hesperetin;
- (ii) tetrahydrocurcumin;
- (ili) tetrahydrodemethoxycurcumin;
- (iv) tetrahydrobisdemethoxycurcumin; and
- (v) mixtures of (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv)

[0011] The composition may also include one or more emulsifiers, preservatives, thickeners and fragrances.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0012] In accordance with the present invention, there has been discovered cosmetic compositions, preferably in

the form of an oil in water emulsion. The term "cosmetic" includes skin care, hair care and nall care compositions. The composition has an essential antioxidant. The essential antioxidant is (i) hesperetin, (ii) tetrahydrocurcumin, (iii) tetrahydrodemethoxycurcumin, or (iv) tetrahydrobisdemethoxycurcumin, or mixtures of two or more of any of the aforesaid antioxidants. The composition may also include one or more emulsifiers, preservatives, and thickeners.

[0013] The compositions of the present invention will preferably contain either hesperetin, tetrahydrocurcumin, terahydrodemethoxycurcumin or terahydrobis-demethoxycurcumin, as an essential antioxidant ingredient. More preferably, the composition will contain at least two of these antioxidants. Most preferably, each of the four antioxidants will be present in the cosmetic composition. An even more preferred composition is the mixture of four essential antioxidants, and one or more emulsifiers, preservatives and thickeners in the form of an oil-in-water emulsion.

[0014] The compositions of the present invention offer a number of benefits in connection with care and prevention of damage to keratinous tissue. For example, the compositions are quickly absorbed, are not greasy or sticky, and are lightweight. The compositions are suitable for all skin, hair and nail types. They nourish and fortify the skin and improve the skin's appearance, especially dry or sun damaged skin. Also, the compositions provide climatic self-adjusting moisture. Importantly, the compositions provide strong defense against environmental aggressors such as smoke, smog, ozone, atmospheric pollutants, free radicals and ultraviolet radiation. Further, the compositions leave the skin smoother and less fragile. They help to prevent and temporarily protect chafed, cracked or windburned skin. When formulated in one preferred embodiment with one or more sunscreens, the compositions prevent tanning and sunburning, and reduce the risk of premature aging of the skin.

[0015] With respect to the essential antioxidants, hesperetin is 4-methoxy-5,7,3-trihydroxyflavone and has the structure:

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Hesperetin is used in its pure form in the present compositions, but may be isolated from grapefruit. It is also found in lemons and oranges. In the present compositions, it is present in an amount about 0.01 percentage by weight (wt.%) to about 3.0 wt.%, preferably about 0.1 wt.%, of the total weight of the composition.

[0016] Tetrahydrocurcumin, terahydrodemethoxycurcumin and terahydrobis-demethoxycurcumin may be represented by the structure:

$$R_1$$
 OH R_2

When R $_1$ and R $_2$ are -OCH $_3$, the structure represents tetrahydrocurcumin (THC). When R $_1$ and R $_2$ are, respectively, -H and -OCH $_3$, the structure represents terahydrodemethoxycurcumin (THDC). When R $_1$ and R $_2$ are both -H, the structure represents tetrahydrobisdemethoxycurcumin (THBDC). A preferred antioxidant is a mixture of these three compounds. Such a mixture will typically contain about 75 wt % to about 95 wt % of THC, about 8 wt % to about 20 wt.% of THDC, and about 1 wt % to about 10 wt.% of THBDC. The mixture, or each of these compounds individually, i.e., THC, THDC or THBDC, may be used in the present compositions in an amount about 0.1 wt.% to about 5.0 wt.%, preferably about 0.75 wt % to about 1.5 wt %, and more preferably about 1.0 wt %.

[0017] The emulsifiers may be anionic, cationic, zwitterionic, amphoteric or nonionic when the composition is prepared in the form of an oil in water or water in oil emulsion. Suitable emulsifiers include polymeric acrylate emulsifiers, polyethylene glycol 20 sorbitan monolaurate (Polysorbate 20), polyethylene glycol 5 soya sterol, sorbitan tristearate, polyethyleneglycol 40 stearate, sorbitan trioleate, glyceryl, monopalmitate, diethanolamine cetyl phosphate, glyceryl

monopalmitate, glyceryl monostearate, polyethylene glycol 100 stearate, cetearyl glucoside, polyethylene glycol 20 stearyl ether (Brij 78, Steareth 20), polyethylene glycol ether of lauryl alcohol (Laureth 23), polysorbate 80 (Tween 80) or lecithin. The composition or formulation will preferably contain a mixture of two or more of these emulsifiers or others that are approved for cosmetic use. The total amount of emulsifier will vary from about 1 wt % to about 10 wt % of the composition, preferably about 2.5 wt.% to about 3.0 wt.%

[0018] The preservatives are any preservative suitable for use in a topically applied cosmetic product. Such preservatives include imidazolidinyl urea, ethanol, benzyl alcohol, 2-phenoxyethanol, disodium EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), methyl paraben, ethyl paraben or butyl paraben. The preservative will be present in amounts effective to prevent bacteria growth. Typically, these amounts range from about 1 wt % to about 3 wt.%

[0019] Each composition should have at least one thickener to ensure that it has the proper viscosity when applied to the skin. Preferred thickeners are the carboxyvinyl polymers sold by the B.F. Goodrich Company under the trademark of Carbopol resins. Examples of such thickeners include, Carbopol 934, Carbopol 940, Carbopol 950, Carbopol 980, Carbopol 951 and Carbopol 981. Other thickeners or gelling agents that may be present include, but are not limited to, stearic acid, fatty alcohols, such as cetyl alcohol, stearyl alcohol, magnesium aluminum silicate, polyacrylamide/isoparaffin/laureth-7 (Seppigel), hydroxyethyl cellulose, propylene glycol monostearate, hydroxypropyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, xanthan gum, myristyl stearate, and cetyl stearate. The amount of thickener is in the range about 0.5 wt.% to about 2.5 wt.%, preferably about 0.6 wt.%.

[0020] Besides the antioxidant, emulsifier, preservative and thickener, the composition may include water Water will typically comprise about 55 wt.% to about 90 wt %, preferably about 58 wt.% to about 60 wt % of the total weight of the composition. All of the other ingredients are emulsified or dispersed into the water, when the composition is prepared in the form of a oil in water emulsion, which is preferred, except where the ingredients are water soluble.

[0021] The present compositions will preferably contain one or more sunscreens or UV (ultraviolet) absorbing agents, when the composition is directed to day use. Preferably, the sunscreens will have at least one compound that absorbs in the UV-B region (wavelength 290 to 320 nanometers) and optionally one or more other compounds that absorb in the UV-A region (wavelength 320 to 400 nanometers). The total amount of UV absorbing agents included within the formulation will be about 2 wt % to about 15 wt.%. It is preferred that the composition have about 7 wt.% to about 9 wt.% ethylhexyl-methoxycinnamate, about 3 wt % to about 5 wt % benzophenone-3 (oxybenzone), and about 1 wt.% to about 3 wt.% butyl methoxybenzoylmethane

[0022] Suitable sunscreens are set forth below with their preferred concentrations in weight percent:

SUNSCREEN		Wt.%
	Oxybenzone	2-10 .
	Sulisobenzone	5-10
	Dioxybenzone	1-3
	Methyl Anthranilate	3-6
	Para Aminobenzoic Acid(PABA)	5-15
	DEA Methoxycinnamate	8-10
	Octocrylene	7-10
Octyl Methoxyc	innamate*	2-10
Octyr Methoxyo	Octyl Salicylate	3-5
	Homomenthyl Salicylate	4-15
	Octyl Dimethyl PABA	1.4-5
	TEA Salicylate	5-12
	Titanium Dioxide	2-25
	Zinc Oxide	2-25
Butylmethavy F	Dibenzoyimethane**	0.1-5
Dutyline aloxy E	Octyl Triazone	0 1-10
	Phenylbenzimidazole sulfonic acid	1-4
	Terephthalydidene Dicamphor	
Sulfonio Acid a	nd Salts Thereof***	0.1-5
Sulionic Acio a	Ethyl PABA	1-10

^{*} The terms oclyl methoxycinnamate and ethylhexyl metoxycinnamate are used interchangeably.

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^{**} A non-limiting example of butylmethoxy dibenzoytmethane is available from Givaudan under the tradename "PARSOL 1789"

^{***} A non-limiting example of terephthalydidene dicamphor sulfonic acid and salts thereof is available from L'Oreal under the tradename *MEXORYL SX*

(continued)

SUNSCREEN		Wt.%
2-(2'-Hydroxy-5'-Methylphenyl) Benzotrizole****		0.5-10
Denzonizoro	Methylene Bis-Benzotriazolyl-	
Tetramethylbutylphenol****		1-10
Bis-Octoxyphenol Methoxyphenyl Triazine*****		1-10

^{****} A non-limiting example of 2-(2'-hydroxy-5'- methylphenyl) benzotrizole is available from Ciba-Gelgy under the tradename "TINUVIN P">

******* A non-limiting example of methylene bis benzotriazolyt-tetramethylbutylphenol is available from Ciba-Geigy under the tradename "TINOSORB-M"

[0023] In addition to the essential antioxidant, the composition of the present invention may preferably contain one or more additional antioxidants such as gamma oryzanol (a ferulic acid ester of cycloartenol), mixed tocopherols (a mixture of isomers of Vitamin E), ascorbyl monopalmitate, algae extract (a seaweed extract that has biomolecules of fuhalol and phloretol), tomato extract (a natural extract that contains lycopene), rosemary extract (Rosmarinus officinalis), or decarboxy carnosine hydrochloride(a pseudodipeptide). Most preferably, all of these additional antioxidants are present, each in amounts about 0.01 wt.% to about 1 0 wt %.

[0024] The compositions of the present invention may also contain about 3 wt.% to about 7 wt.% of a humectant. Suitable humectants include propylene glycol, butylene glycol, glycerin, sorbitol, sodium 2-pyrrolidone-5carboxylate, collagen, dibutyl phthalate, gelatin, and the 10 to 20 mol ethoyxylate or propoxylate of glucose.

[0025] Emollients may also be present in an amount about 3 wt.% to about 12 wt%. Suitable emollients or oleaginous materials include one or more of the following: mineral oil, petrolatum, glyceryl monooleate, myristyl alcohol, isopropyl palmitate, avocado oil, squalane, octyl palmitate, cocoa butter, sesame oil, propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate, isopropyl myristate, dilsopropyl dimerate (that is, the diester of isopropyl alcohol and dimer acid) and dimethicone. Preferred for use in the present compositions are petrolatum, also functioning as an occlusivity agent, C₁₂-C₁₅ alcohol esters of benzoic acid, and dicaprylyl maleate.

[0026] The present compositions, when used in the form of emulsions, may be prepared using techniques well known in the emulsion art. For example, first add any water soluble ingredients to the aqueous phase, heat the aqueous phase to about 50 to about 90° C., then disperse into the aqueous phase both the emulsifiers and oleaginous components with stirring. Then, allow the composition to cool to room temperature to form a stable emulsion.

[0027] The present invention is illustrated by the following example of a skin care and treatment composition:

EXAMPLE

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[0028] A stable oil in water emulsion skin treatment composition was prepared composed of the following (% is by weight):

40	Percent	Ingredient
	60%	demineralized water
-	0 2%	disodium EDTA
	0.6%	Carbopol 934
	0.75%	glyceryl monostearate
45	0.95%	Steareth-2 emulsifier (propylene glycol 20 stearyl ether)
	0.95%	polyethylene glycol 40 stearate
	0.25%	stearyl alcohol
	1.0%	benzyl alcohol
50	0.2%	methylparaben
30	0.1%	hesperetin
	1 0%	mixture of tetrahydrocurcumin, terahydrodemethoxycurcumin and terahydrobisdemethoxycurcumin
	qs.	conventional antioxidants, sunscreens, humectants, emollients, odor remover, pH adjuster and masking
		agent
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	100.00%	

[0029] The compositions of the present invention provide many methods of protecting and improving the appearance

^{*****} A non-limiting example of bis-octoxyphenol methoxyphenyl triazine is available from Cibe-Geigy under the tradename "TINOSORB-S"

of the skin. For example, the present invention also comprises a method of protecting the skin and preventing damage from the adverse effects of environmental substances that may come into contact with the skin, such as smoke, smog, ozone and other atmospheric pollutants. Further, the present invention includes a method of protecting the skin from sunburn damage, a method of neutralizing free radicals which may come into contact with the skin, and a method of protecting chafed, cracked, sunburned or windburned skin from further damage. The present invention also includes a method for the treatment, prevention or amelioration of skin changes associated with intrinsic or extrinsic aging. Each method comprises topically applying to the skin a composition of the present invention.

[0030] The present invention having been described with particular reference to the preferred forms thereof, it will be obvious that various changes and modifications may be made herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined in the appended claims

Claims

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A cosmetic composition comprising:

an antioxidant selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hesperetin, (ii) tetrahydrocurcumin, (iii) tetrahydrodemethoxycurcumin, (iv) tetrahydrobisdemethoxycurcumin, and (v) mixtures of (l),
- (ii), (iii) or (iv); and
- a cosmetically acceptable carrier
- 25 2. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an emulsifier, a preservative, and a thickener.
 - 3. The composition of claim 2, further comprising a sunscreen.
- 4. The composition of claim 3, wherein said sunscreen is selected from the group consisting of ethylhexyl methoxy cinnamate, benzophenone-3, butyl methoxydibenzoylmethane, and mixtures thereof.
 - 5. The composition of claim 2, further comprising an additional antioxidant
- 6. The composition of claim 5, wherein said additional antioxidant is selected from the group consisting of gamma oryzanol, mixed tocopherols, ascorbyl monopalmitate, algae extract, tomato extract, rosemary extract, decarboxy carnosine hydrochloride, and mixtures thereof.
 - 7. The composition of claim 1, wherein said antioxidant is hesperetin, and wherein the hesperetin is present in an amount about 0.01 wt.% to about 3 0 wt.% of the total weight of the composition.
 - 8. The composition of claim 1, wherein said antioxidant is the mixture of tetrahydrocurcumin, tetrahydrodemethoxy-curcumin and tetrahydrobisdemethoxy-curcumin, and wherein the mixture is present in an amount about 0.1 wt % to about 5.0 wt.% of the total weight of the composition.
- 45 9. The composition of claim 7, wherein the antioxidant is a mixture of hesperetin and tetrahydrocurcumin
 - 10. The composition of claim 7, wherein the antioxidant is a mixture of hesperetin and terahydrodemethoxycurcumin
- 11. The composition of claim 7, wherein the antioxidant is a mixture of hesperetin and terahydrobis-demethoxycurcu-
 - 12. The composition of claim 8, wherein the antioxidant mixture further comprises hesperetin
 - 13. The composition of claim 2, wherein the composition is in the form of an oil-in-water emulsion
 - 14. A method of protecting the skin from the adverse effects of environmental substances that may come into contact with the skin, the method comprising applying to the skin the composition of claim 1.

- 15. A method of protecting the skin from sunburn damage, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 3.
- 16. A method of improving the appearance of the skin, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 2.
 - 17. A method of preventing damage to the skin from smoke, ozone or other atmospheric pollutants, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 1.
- 18. A method of neutralizing free radicals that may come into contact with the skin, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 2.

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- 19. A method of protecting chafed, cracked, sunburned or windburned skin from further damage, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 2.
- 20. A method for the treatment, prevention or amelioration of skin changes associated with intrinsic or extrinsic aging, the method comprises applying to the skin the composition of claim 1.



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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